

Quantum Computers in Banking

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2022-12-15

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Classical Computers

Transistors

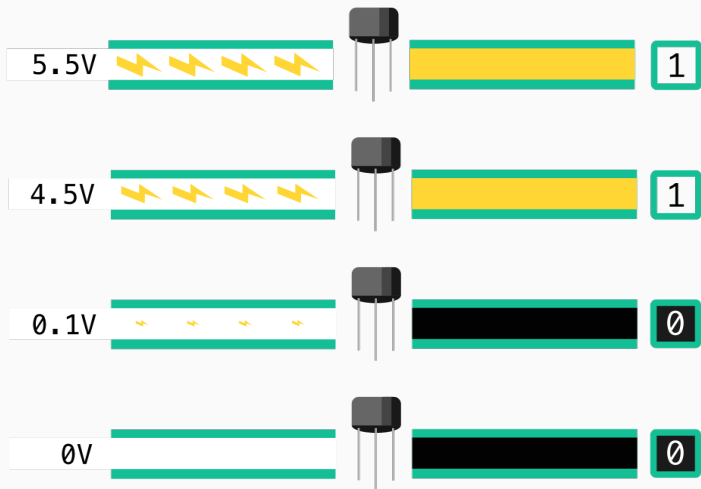


Figure 1: We use transistors to create logical states of 1 and 0.

Logical Gates

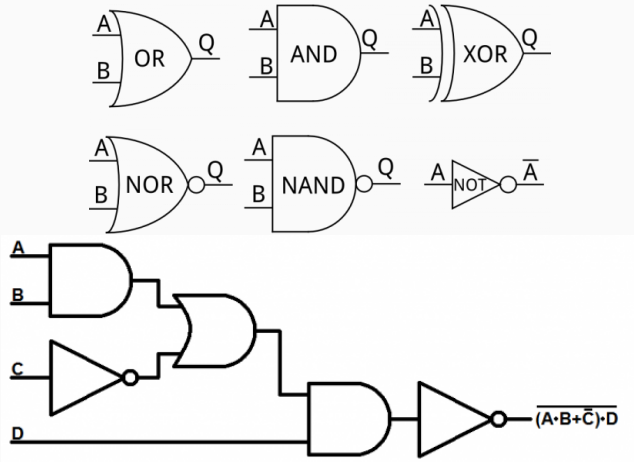


Figure 2: Those transistors are used to create logical gates that are in turn building blocks for logical circuits.

The Fastests Supercomputer: EXA FLOPS



Figure 3: More info:

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frontier_\(supercomputer\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frontier_(supercomputer)), and

<https://top500.org/lists/top500/2022/06/>

SUPERCOMPUTER FRONTIER - HPE CRAY EX235A, AMD OPTIMIZED 3RD GENERATION EPYC 64C 2GHZ, AMD

Aspect	Details
Site	DOE/SC/Oak Ridge National Laboratory
System URL	https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/frontier/
Manufacturer	HPE
Cores	8,730,112
Processor	AMD Optimized 3rd Generation EPYC 64C 2GHz
Interconnect	Slingshot-11
Installation Year	2021
Performance	
Linpack Performance (Rmax)	1,102.00 PFlop/s
Theoretical Peak (Rpeak)	1,685.65 PFlop/s
Power Consumption	
Power	21,100.00 kW (Submitted)
OS	
Operating System	HPE Cray OS

What Are Quantum Computers

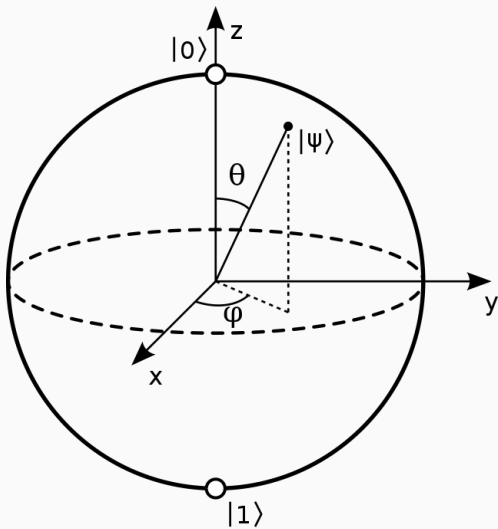


Figure 4: Source: nextplatform.com

Operations

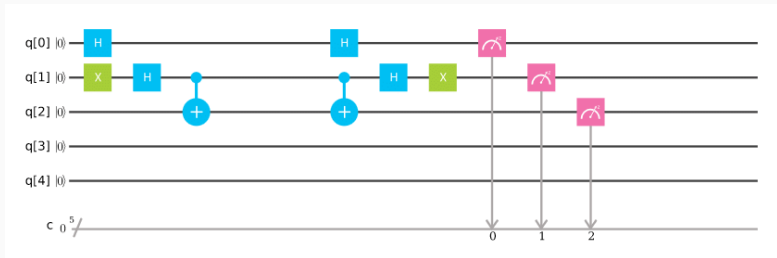
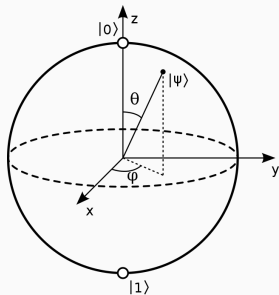


Figure 5: A quantum circuit: quantum gate operations on q-bits. Source: ibm.com

Aspects of Quantum Computing: Superposition



Superposition is a quantum state that is a combination of 2 mutually exclusive states

$$\alpha |0\rangle + \beta |1\rangle$$

Note that if $\alpha > 0$ and $\beta > 0$ then the qubit's state contains both $|0\rangle$ and $|1\rangle$

Aspects of Quantum Computing: Entanglement

A system of two qubits can be characterized by

$$\alpha_1 |00\rangle + \alpha_2 |01\rangle + \alpha_3 |10\rangle + \alpha_4 |11\rangle$$

where

- $|01\rangle$ means that the first qubit is $|0\rangle$ and the second $|1\rangle$
- $\sum_{i=1}^4 |\alpha_i|^2 = 1$

If two or more of α_i are non-zero, and we cannot separate the states, then they are entangled. Knowing one determines the state of the other.

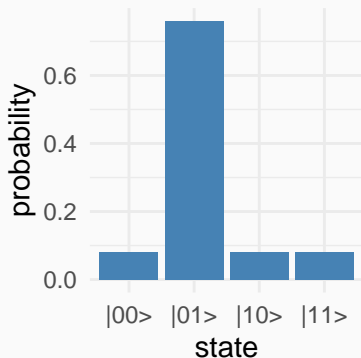
Example

$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} |11\rangle + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} |10\rangle$ is not entangled

$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} |01\rangle + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} |10\rangle$ is entangled

Aspects of Quantum Computing: Interference

Increase the probability of getting the correct answer (and reducing the probability of the wrong answer).



Aspects of Quantum Computing: Exponential Power

- qubit \rightarrow 2 quantum states dimensions: $\alpha |0\rangle + \beta |1\rangle$

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- 175 qubits $\rightarrow 4.7890486 \times 10^{52}$ states (ca. 10^{50} atoms on earth)
- 275 qubits $\rightarrow 6.0708403 \times 10^{82}$ quantum states (ca. 10^{82} atoms in the visible universe)

Existing Quantum Computers

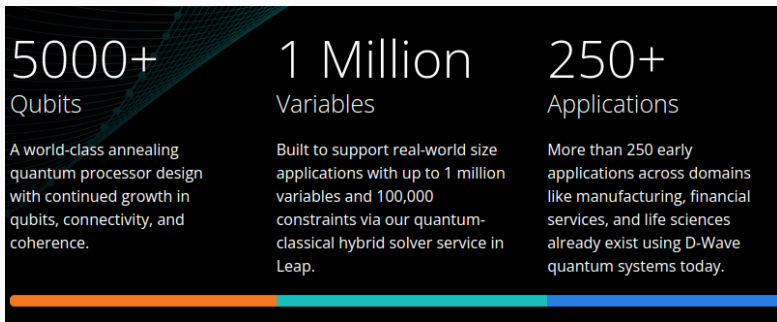


Figure 6: State of the art with D-Wave. Source: dwavesys.com



The image shows a screenshot of an arXiv paper page. At the top left is the Cornell University logo and name. Below that is the arXiv logo and the breadcrumb path 'q-fin > arXiv:2106.06735'. A search bar is visible on the right. The paper title is 'Quantum Portfolio Optimization with Investment Bands and Target Volatility'. Below the title is the author list: Samuel Palmer, Serkan Sahin, Rodrigo Hernandez, Samuel Mugel, Roman Orus. The submission information is '[Submitted on 12 Jun 2021 (v1), last revised 20 Aug 2021 (this version, v4)]'.

Cornell University

the Simc

arXiv > q-fin > arXiv:2106.06735

Search...

Help | Advanced

Quantitative Finance > Portfolio Management

[Submitted on 12 Jun 2021 (v1), last revised 20 Aug 2021 (this version, v4)]

Quantum Portfolio Optimization with Investment Bands and Target Volatility

Samuel Palmer, Serkan Sahin, Rodrigo Hernandez, Samuel Mugel, Roman Orus

Figure 7: A paper about portfolio optimisation with the D-Wave computers. Source: arxiv.org

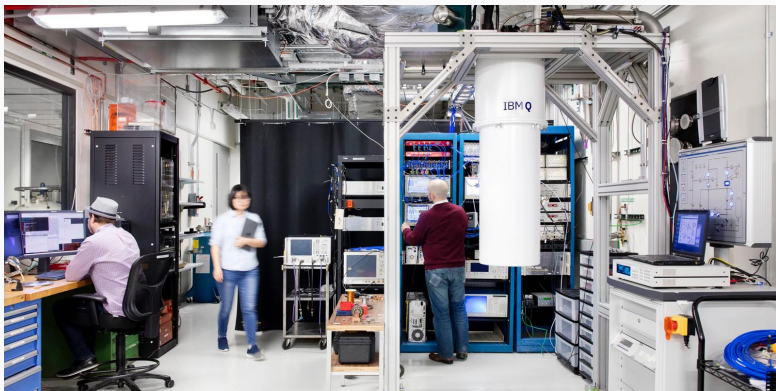


Figure 8: A quantum computer today. Source: ibm.com

Quantum Computing Achievements in Banking

Examples of banks's efforts

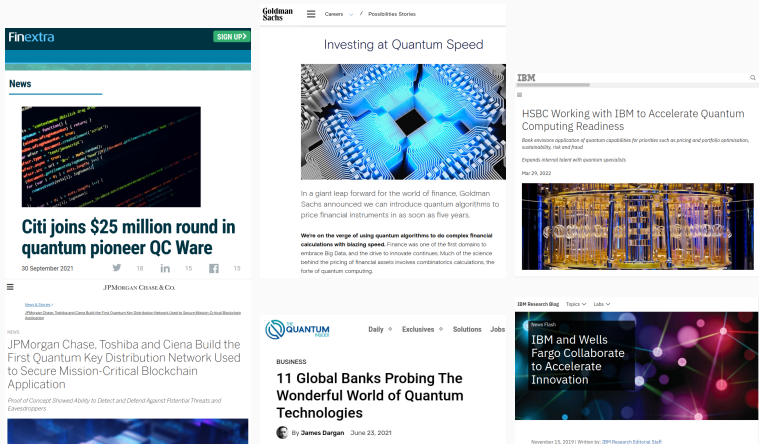


Figure 9: Sources: finextra.com, goldmansachs.com, ibm.com, and thequantuminsider.com

Some Real Results

- JPMC and IBM calculated prices for different options (European, path dependent, etc.) by Quantum Amplitude Estimation (similar to Monte-Carlo simulations)

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- Caixa Bank runs a hybrid framework of quantum and classical computing to improve credit risk scoring (PoC)

Quantum Computing Potential

- **Optimization:**

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- quantum blockchain

quadratic to exponential speedup

- better risk management

Boston Consulting Group estimates a value of \$42B to \$67B for financial institutions

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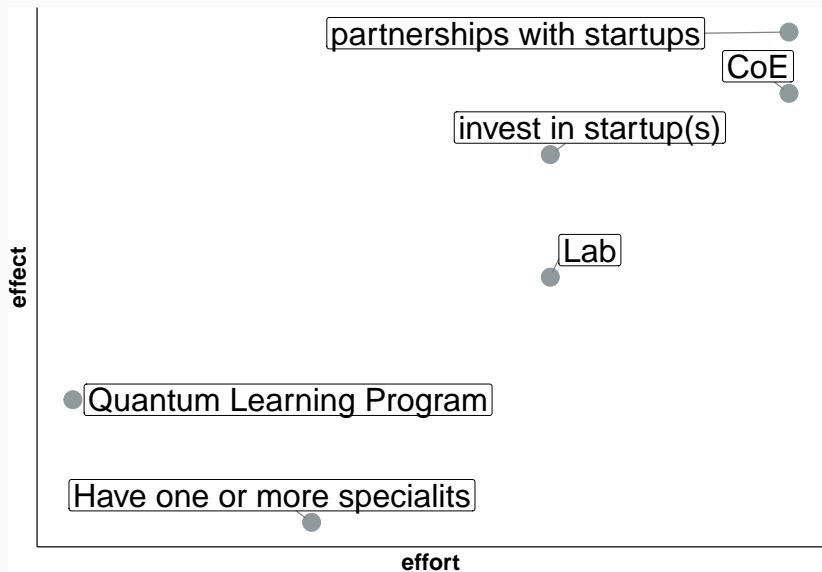
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The Route to Quantum for the Banker

Solutions



Shortcuts to solutions

- Get access to learning, online quantum computers, etc. via the IBM Quantum Accelerator for enterprise
- Use Qiskit to learn programming on quantum computers – qiskit.org and their YouTube channel

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 - improved accuracy of risk calculations
 - improved deep learning
 - improving computational speed
 - providing a greener solution to computational intensive tasks

Further Reading

- McKinsey, 2020, “How quantum computing could change financial services” – download
- IBM, “The Quantum Decade” (e-book) – download
- E. Rieffel and W Polak, MIT Press, “Quantum Computing, a Gentle Introduction” – download
- Quantum Computing for the Quantum Curious, C. Hughes et al., Springer – download
- a list of books: download